Learning Styles and Corporate Worship Emphases

A. Image of God in Persons

- 1. Structural
- 2. Functional
- 3. Relational
- B. Learning Styles
 - 1. Multiple Intelligences
 - 2. MI Toolbox
- C. Patterns of Structure in Christian Worship
 - 1. Historical
 - 2. OT
 - 3. NT

D. Learning Styles \rightarrow Worship Styles: Implications?

Imago Dei: "Image of God" in Persons

A. Structural or Substantive Approach

Image of God in persons = faculties, capacities, endowments possessed by human beings that distinguish people from the rest of creation

1. One Dimensional (places emphasis on *one* of these attributes as the dominant trait of humanity) soul or spirit

mind, intellect

capacity for relationship with God

moral capacity

high order communication

creativity, imagination

2. Multi-dimensional (places emphasis on the *combination* of these attributes in humanity)

intellect, rationality

spirit, soul (worship capacity, eternality)

social likeness (relational capacity)

conscience (moral capacity)

imagination, creativity (aesthetic capacity)

emotions

will or volition

personality, psyche (unique identity)

high order communication skills

B. Functional Approach

Image of God in persons = human appointment and ability to "rule" over the works of creation, "dominion" over the earth (Gen. 1:26; Ps. 8:6)

C. Relational Approach

Image of God in persons = the capacity to fellowship with God and mirror his righteousness (Gen. 3:8)

Multiple Intelligences

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On the impact of learning styles on how people worship see, F. M. Segler & R. Bradley, *Understanding, Preparing For, and Practicing Christian Worship*. 2nd ed. Nashville: Broadman & Holman, 1996; for Christian education see, B. A. Bruce, 7 *Ways of Teaching the Bible to Adults: Using our Multiple Intelligences to Build Faith*. Nashville: Abingdon, 2000.

Multiple Intelligences (cont.)

The Idea:

People possess several relatively autonomous intellectual capacities (these eight are representative but not necessarily exhaustive). Gardner defines an intelligence as "a biopsychological potential to process information that can be activated in a cultural setting to solve problems or create products that are of value in a culture" (*Intelligence Reframed*, pp. 33-34). These "intelligences" or "frames of mind" are independent of one another, but they can be fashioned and combined in a multiplicity of adaptive ways by individuals and cultures. If multiple intelligences exist in human beings, then the teaching-learning process must seek to develop strategies of instruction that integrate the various intelligence capacities and skills into the curricula.

The Eight Intelligences:

- verbal/linguistic (speech communication, writing, literature, reading, etc.)
- logical/mathematical (problem solving, critical thinking)
- visual/spatial (visual art, imagination, personal/emotive expression, perspective, appreciation of beauty, layout and design)
- bodily/kinesthetic (movement, gesture, posture, physical tasks and activities,
- recreation, performing arts, athletics, etc.)
- musical/rhythmic (melody, beat, pitch, tone, musical taste/appreciation)
- interpersonal (social skills, communal aptitudes, relationships)
- intrapersonal (self awareness, self-image, intuition, reflection, meditation, etc.)
- naturalist-cognitive (observing, understanding and organizing patterns in natural environment)
- What are the implications for worship education and worship renewal?

The Eight Intelligences



Nature Smart

(Naturalist)







Number Smart (Logical/Mathematical)

Picture Smart (Spatial/Visual)



Self Smart

(Intropersonal)



(Bodily-Kinesthetic)

People Smart

(Interpersonal)



(Musical)

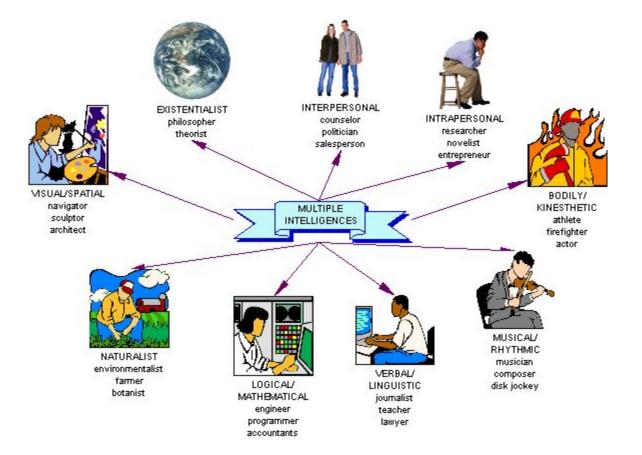






Word Smart (Linguistic)

Music Smart





Multiple Intelligences Toolbox

Verbal/Linguistic

- * Reading
- * Vocabulary
- * Formal Speech
- * Journal/Diary Keeping
- * Creative Writing
- * Poetry
- * Impromptu Speaking
- * Humor/Jokes
- * Storytelling

Body/Kinesthetic

- * Folk/Creative Dance
- * Role Plaving
- * Physical Gestures
- * Drama
- * Martial Arts
- * Body Language
- * Physical Exercise
- * Mime
- * Inventing
- * Sports Games

Logical/Mathematical

- * Abstract Symbols/Formulas
- * Outlining
- * Graphic Organizers
- * Number Sequences
- * Calculation
 - * Deciphering Codes
 - * Syllogisms
 - * Problem Solving
 - * Pattern Games

Musical/Rhythmic

- * Rhythmic Patterns
- * Vocal sounds/Tones
 - * Humming
 - * Percussion Vibrations
 - * Music Composition/Creation
 - * Environmental Sounds
 - * Instrumental Sounds
 - * Singing

 - * Tonal Patterns
 - * Music Performance

- Visual/Spatial
- * Guided Imagery
- * Active Imagination
- * Color Schemes

- * Sculpture
- * Pictures

Intrapersonal

- * Silent Reflection Methods
- * Metacognition Techniques
- * Thinking Strategies
- * Emotional Processing
- * "Know Thyself" Procedures
- * Mindfulness Practices
- * Focusing/Concentration Skills
- * Higher-Order Reasoning
- * Complex Guided Imagery
- * "Centering" Practices

Interpersonal

- * Giving feedback
- * Intuiting Others' Feelings
- * Cooperative Learning Strategies
- * Person-to-Person Discourse
- * Empathy Practices
- * Division of Labor
- * Collaboration Skills
- * Receiving feedback
- * Sensing Others' Motives

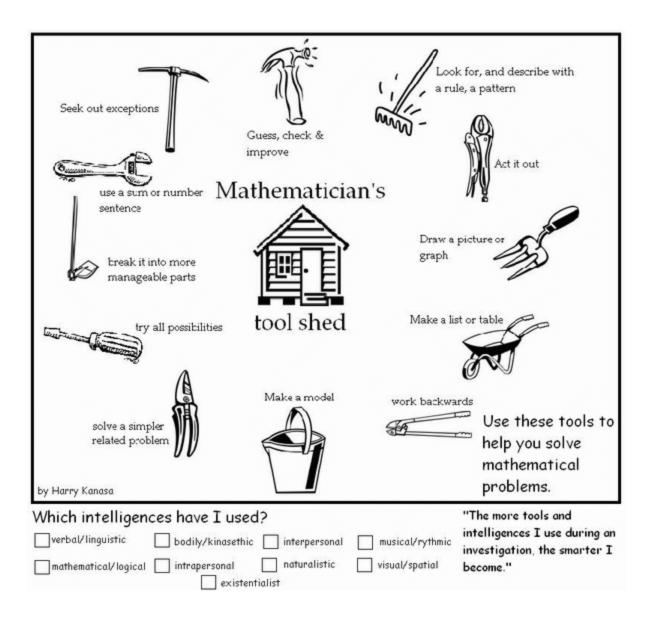
Naturalistic

- * Field Trips
- * Establish Patterns/Connections
- * "Hands-on" Experiments
- * Categorize/Classify
- * Identify Flora/Fauna
- * "Outdoor" Classrooms
- * Serve as "Docents"
- * Collections (rocks, cards, etc.)
- * Animals/plants in Classroom
- * Natural Relationships

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- * Pretending



Learning Styles→Worship Styles: Implications?

The appeal of "blended worship" in the current discussion of worship renewal, in part, is due to the recognition of and appreciation for individual differences in preferred worship styles.

Note how each of the worship emphases highlight a different aspect of humanity made in God's image:

- 1. Relational worship (emphasis on fellowship, community, service)→social likeness, emotions, psyche, conscience
- 2. Doctrinal worship (emphasis on Word/sermon)→intellect, logic, rationality, morality, conscience

Learning Styles→Worship Styles: Implications? (cont.)

- 3. Charismatic worship (emphasis on the diversity of "gifts" and individual expression)→personality, emotions, spirit, psyche, imagination, expression/movement
- Reflective, contemplative worship (emphasis on silence, solitude, waiting)→intellect, volition, spirit, psyche, conscience
- Aesthetic worship (emphasis on beauty, symbol)→ multi-sensory, imagination, creativity, social order, bodily movement/expression, sense of beauty

[See G. Malone, *Furnace of Renewal: A Vision for the Church*. Downers Grove: IVP, 1981, pp. 43-59.]